LEAF Open Farm Sunday Generic risk assessment for farm visits and open days

This risk assessment is designed to help farmers assess their premises in relation to farm visits and for LEAF Open Farm Sunday. You must make sure you cover all the significant risks on your premises even if they do not appear on this generic risk assessment. This form should not be used for other purposes, nor should it be used to assess the farm as a workplace. Employers with more than five employees must have a written Health and Safety Policy Statement and must record significant findings of their risk assessment. This document can be downloaded as a word document at www.farmsunday.org.

Farm name:	Telephone:
Address where visit will take place:	Email:
	Website:
Post code:	Grid Reference:
Date of Risk Assessment:	Time of Risk Assessment:
Carried out by:	Signature:

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	Sufficient access for visitors' vehicles (cars, coaches etc) with one-way system or
	turning area

☐ Areas out of bounds marked off

Checklist:

- ☐ Hand washing and boot washing point provided, and signposted
- ☐ Fire equipment and first aid equipment easily accessible
- ☐ There will be a trained first-aider on site during the visit/open day
- Clear contingency plans are in place in the event of an emergency, or unsafe behaviour amongst visitors
- □ Insurer has been informed and farm has adequate public liability cover

Summary (to be completed after	r the assessme	ent)	
Is more information required?	Yes/No	More HSE guidance notes are available at www.hse.gov.uk/agriculture/topics	
Authorised by: (Signature)		Acceptable: (for all beneficiary groups?)	Yes/No
Print name: Further actio		Further action required:	Yes/No
Further action required:			





What are the hazards?	Who might be harmed and how?	What are you already doing?	What further action is necessary? Suggestions below	Action by whom?	Action by when?	Done
Car park –	Visitors – physical injuries - falls		Coach parks in car park. Staff to maintain			
moving vehicles	from getting in and out of cars,		proper control on the bus/coach. Children			
	mini bus or coach. Visitors struck		stay on bus until instructed to get off.			
	by vehicles		Supervision of car park. One way systems.			
			Maintain surface of parking area e.g avoid			
			pot holes.			
Public	Visitors entering farm on foot;		Barriers. Signs on road to alert traffic. Super-			
access/roads	passing from one part of farm to		vision of farm entrance. Divert route to avoid			
vehicle	another struck by vehicles		hazard. Provide safe transport e.g. tractor &			
movements	·		trailer segregate vehicles & pedestrians.			
Lost or	All visitors - wander into unsafe		Regular head counts. Signage. Ensure			
disorientated	areas		visitors know what to do if they get			
visitors			separated from the group.			
Trailer rides	Visitors on a tractor and trailer		Suitable trailer (See HSE agricultural			
	ride – physical injuries: falling;		information sheet AIS 36; requirements for			
	being crushed or run over		on road use of trailers carrying passengers			
			are more onerous and further advice should			
			be sought)) Trained & competent driver.			
			Tractor/trailer maintained. Supervision.			
Farm vehicles	All visitors – physical injury		Do not carry out vehicle movements during			
and machinery	struck by moving vehicles or		farm visit. If absolutely necessary ensure			
(not part of a	machinery		vehicles & pedestrians segregated. Provide			
demonstration)			safe access routes to avoid vehicles. Avoid			
			holding tours at busy times e.g. silage-			
			making. Brief contractors carrying out			
			essential work.			
Workshop	All visitors - physical injury from		Prevent access to workshop.			
activities	slips, trips and falls					
Uneven ground,	Visitors on nature trails, farm		Choose a safe route or path – walk and			
steep paths	walks – slips, trips and falls		check route for hazards. Cordon off			
			problem areas. Warn visitors before setting			
			off. Signage.			





What are the hazards?	Who might be harmed and how?	What are you already doing?	What further action is necessary? Suggestions below	Action by whom?	Action by when?	Done
Slurry pits	All visitors – slips, trips, falls; drowning.		Prevent access and ensure adequate fencing to HSE AIS9 standard. Supervision. Signage.			
Sheep dipping baths	All visitors – drowning.		Prevent access and keep dips securely covered. Supervision.			
Silage pits	All visitors – falls from height; Contamination with manure.		Prevent access – area to be roped off when not full. Supervision. Signage. Supervised hand washing.			
Manure & compost heaps	All visitors – contamination with manure.		Prevent access. Supervision. Signage.			
Ponds and water courses; zoonoses – Weil's disease	All visitors – drowning; contamination with infective agent from contact with water.		Prevent access. Divert route to avoid water course - signage (at entrance and near water course). Washing facilities. (see later for pond dipping).			
Fences and gates; Electric fences	Visitors physical injuries – cuts, grazes etc. Contamination of visitors from touching farm		Maintenance of fences & gates. Regular cleaning to prevent contamination with manure. Provide hand washing facilities			
	animals or contaminated surfaces followed by ingestion of micro –organisms; electric shock from touching live fences.		(See Industry Code of Practice). Information & signage. Double fencing. Cover barbed/electric wire at viewing point. Switch off fence.			
Barns and yards – bale & fertiliser stacks; unsecured tractor wheels, pallets, boxes etc	All visitors – struck by falling objects, injuries due to climbing/falling.		Check stacks are secure & restack if required. Prevent access. Prohibit climbing on stacks (see later for supervised bale-climbing) Remove hazardous objects, tripping hazards etc. Store wheels/tyres etc safely.			
Grain silos, bins and stores	All visitors – inhaling harmful grain dust; physical injury from falls; entrapment/ suffocation.		Prevent access to grain stores/bins. Cover intake pits. Supervision. Signage. Remove access ladders on bins or make safe.			





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Milking parlour	Visitors at milking demonstration	See hand washing checklist	Clean parlour prior to visit.			
	 slips on wet surfaces. 		Supervised hand and boot washing must be			
	Contamination with		provided. Designated viewing area/ access			
	manure/slurry.		routes. Supervision. Signage on steps, etc.			
			Remove any tripping hazards.			
Shearing activities	Visitors and staff/helpers at		Maintenance of electrical equipment &			
Electricity	shearing demonstration; electric		systems. Use RCDs on sheep shears.			
zoonoses – such as	shock or burns; tripping on wires;		Regular cleaning of area. Designated			
orf, E coli O157,	contamination with		viewing areas. Wires out of passageways.			
Cryptosporidiosis,	manure/dung.		Washing facilities.			
etc						
Static machinery	Visitors climbing on and playing		Static machinery must be supervised. Keys			
(tractors,	with machinery displays –		must be removed. Remove/protect sharp			
harvesters,	physical injury from contact with		edges & dangerous parts. Signage. Park			
cultivation	dangerous parts e.g.spikes or		machinery safely e.g. Lift trucks & loader			
equipment, ATVs)	falls from height.		tractors with buckets/spikes on the floor.			
Working	Visitors viewing machinery		PTO shafts & other dangerous parts must			
machinery (e.g.	demonstrations: physical injury		be guarded. Cordon off demonstration			
bale-wrapping,	from contact with dangerous		area. Signage and supervision. Staff/helper			
spraying, feeding	parts.		training. Remove keys & park safely when			
or bedding animals			not in use. No chemicals may be sprayed			
with machines etc)			No riding on machines permitted.			
Electrical eq'ment	All visitors – physical injury from		Equipment stored or locked away and not			
Saw benches,	contact with dangerous parts.		used during visit/event. Restrict access. Fit			
heavy plant (not			guards to those on display. Disconnect			
part of display)			power supply and make safe.			
Ponds, streams for	Children – drowning, slips, falls,		Supervision. Avoid deep water and fast-			
pond dipping	cuts, grazes		flowing streams. Barrier to prevent falling			
			in. First aid provision. Hand washing.			
Bale stacks for	Children – falling, asthma,		Supervision. Signage. Designated area with			
bale-climbing	allergic reactions, entrapment		purpose-built stack.			





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Zoonoses	Visitors feeding, petting or	Do your hand washing facilities	Select healthy stock. If visitors touch			
including E coli	stroking calves, sheep, lambs,	include the following:	livestock or fencing hand-washing facilities			
O157,	pigs, piglets, goats, kids, horses,	Enough basins/points □	must be provided. Locate facilities at exit			
Cryptosporidiosis	foals or contact with their dung,	Liquid soap □	of animal contact area. Signage and			
, Brucellosis,	contaminated surfaces fences, &	Paper towels □	supervision by trained staff/helpers must			
Tuberculosis,	pens; pregnant women (C	Running water □	be provided. Explain to visitors they cannot			
Chlamydophila	abortus).		put their hands in their mouths, smoke,			
abortus (sheep		Visitors will be encouraged to wash	eat or drink before washing their hands			
afterbirth), orf,		their hands thoroughly by:	because of the risk of infection. Animals in			
ringworm			contact area should be clean and healthy			
Poultry –	Visitors petting hens, chicks;		(no scouring, dags) (See the Industry Code			
Psittacosis (dust	feeding the chickens, pecked,		of Practice Preventing or controlling ill			
from faeces),	scratched.		health from animal contact at visitor			
Chlamydia			attractions) Designated eating areas			
psittaci;			where contact with animals prevented.			
Sheep, pigs,	Visitors entering animal pens;		No visitor access to animal pens. Fingers or			
horses, cows,	feeding the animals; herding		hands must not be put through the railings			
goats.	animals; performing simple		or pen fencing. Warn visitors of the			
	farmyard tasks, contamination		dangers of walking behind an animal.			
	with dung, trampled; crushed;		Explain to visitors that sudden sounds or			
	bitten; kicked; butted.		movement may frighten animals. Use			
			signage and supervision by trained			
			staff/helpers. Prohibit feeding. Restrict			
			access by providing double fencing. Move			
			less docile animals away from visitor area.			
Manure and	Visitors viewing animals or		No access to collecting yards. Clear areas			
faecal seepage –	entering livestock sheds walking		of accumulated dung, faecal seepage.			
E coli 0157	through manure; touching manure		Define pathways and keep clean. Clean			
	on gates/walls/ partitions contam-		gates, partitions. Apply fresh bedding			
	ination on shoes, laces, pushchair		before visit. Provide facilities to allow			
	wheels; slips, trips and falls.		cleaning of contaminated footwear etc.			

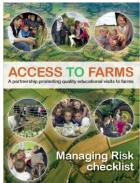




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Farm pets – dogs and cats	All visitors, especially children – bitten; scratched; toxoplasmosis through stroking, petting.		Keep pets indoors away from visitors.			
Fuel storage tank	All visitors – personal contamination, fumes, burns.		Keep fuel tank locked. Prevent access e.g. remove ladder. Supervision.			
Animal feeds	All visitors – ingestion of feeds or contamination with micro organisms.		Prevent access to feed stores. Supervision of feeding animals. Washing facilities.			
Flora and fauna	Visitors on farm walk or nature trail – ingestion of poisonous fruits or berries etc.		Check routes beforehand. Supervision. Warn visitors before setting off. Avoid known hazards on route.			
Chemical and veterinary products	All visitors – ingestion of harmful chemicals, breathing vapour or skin; contamination.		Chemical and veterinary products must be locked away in a suitable store. Access to store prohibited.			
Food, refreshments	Visitors who eat food supplied at venue – food poisoning, illness.		Provider must have food hygiene certificate.			

Please refer to the following documents when doing your risk assessment – they are available to download in the Health & Safety section at www.VisitMyFarm.org:

Access to Farms: **Managing Risk Checklist**



Full COP version 2 (updated March 2015)



Industry Code of Practice (COP): Preventing or controlling ill health from animal contact at visitor attractions Summary of control measures Advice to teachers





